Nordic Society of Gynaecological Oncology

- from a Nordic interest group to a global leader in clinical trials

Line Bjørge 14. mars 2017



Profile

NSGO is a non-political, non-profit society

- Nordic platform for individual professionals dedicated to the care of women with gynaecological cancer
- Works for improvements in the practice of prevention, diagnosis, treatment, and follow up of gyn cancer
- Promotes and support basic and clinical research
- Promotes education and training in gynaecological oncology in all its aspects

Nordic focus – Why?

Gynecologic cancers

 Represent approximately 10% of all cancers in women



New cases in Norway (2016)* : 1650

• Cervix: 342

• Womb: 774

• Ovarian: 488

• Vulva: 46

Nordic treatment traditions



Population: 27 000 000

Denmark: 5 750 000

Sweden: 10 000 000

Finland: 5 550 000

Norway: 5 350 000

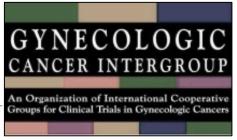
• Iceland: 350 000

New cases in the Nordic countries (yearly): 8000-9000

International cooperation









Cooperation with businesses

- pharmaceutical industry and non-profit organization







From a Nordic interest group to a global leader

Expansion and growth

- From a local business to an international trendsetter
- $\overline{}$

- Research: Improvements and new developments

Product development

- Diversification if the portfolio
- More professionalization
- Corporate responsibility
- Human resources and corporate social responsibilities

1986

- **NSGO founded** (in Oslo):
 - Initial purpose: To advance the communication between the Nordic countries in the field of gynaecological cancer
 - Main activity: To conduct clinical trials

1986 - 2006

- Engagement in several international multicenter trials:
 - Intensified international cooperation
 - Increasing requirements to run an efficient clinical trial unit

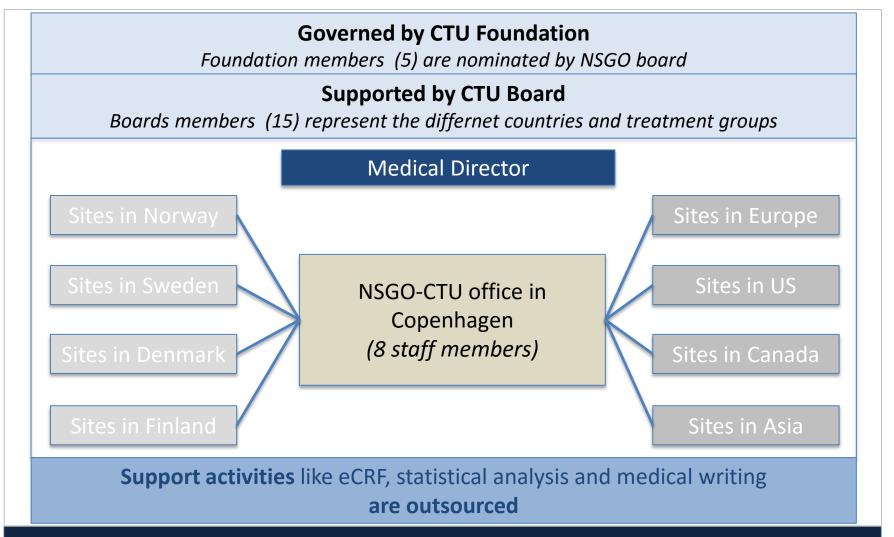
2007

• Establishment of "Nordisk Selskab for Gynækologisk Onkologi 's Kliniske Forskningsfond" and the operating unit **NSGO-Clinical Trial Unit** (CTU)

2007 - 2018

- Participating in more and more trials
- More differentiated trial portfolio: international multicenter trials vs. own initiated trials
- More professionalization of the CTU
- Economic sustainable organization

NSGO-CTU – Office **Organization and workflow**



Tradition: High recruitment numbers

Supplementary appendix

List of participating sites

Institute (country) Investigator [Number of patients]

Oslo University Hospital, Dept Gynecologic Oncology and Institute for Cancer Genetics and Informatics, and

Oslo University (NOR) Pr. Gunnar B. Kristensen [29]

Maria Skłodowska – Curie Institute of Oncology (POL) Dr. Mariusz Bidzinski [27]

National Institute of Oncology (SVK) Dr. Tomas Minarik [25]

St. Elisabeth Institute of Oncology (SVK) Dr. Lydia Helpianska [25]

St. John's Cancer Center (POL) Dr. Elzbieta Kutarska [25]

Haukeland University Hospital (NOR) Dr. Line Bjørge [24]

Minnesota Oncology Hematology, PA (USA) Dr. Patrick Flynn [21]

HELIOS, Dr. Horst Schmidt Kliniken Wiesbaden (DEU) Dr. Rita Hils [19]

Lund University Hospital (SWE) Dr. Susanne Malander [18]

Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli (ITA) Pr. Giovanni Scambia [17]

Centre Léon Bérard (FRA) Dr. Olivier Tredan [16]

General Hospital of Athens "Alexandra" (GRC) Pr. Aristotelis Bamias [16]

Universitätsklinikum Essen (DEU) Pr. Pauline Wimberger [16]

Centre François Baclesse (FRA) Pr. Florence Joly [15]

University of Milan Bicocca and European Institute of Oncology (ITA) Pr. Nicoletta Colombo [15]

Rigshospitalet - Copenhagen University Hospital (DNK) Dr. Mansoor Raza Mirza [15]

Yale University School of Medicine (USA) Dr. Maysa Abu-Khalaf [15]

Clinical Oncology Dispensary (RUS) Dr. Alla Lisyanskaya [14]

UZ Leuven - Campus Gasthuisberg (BEL) Pr. Ignace Vergote [14]

Piedmont Hematology Oncology Associates (USA) Dr. Charles H Pippitt [13]

Stavanger University Hospital (NOR) Dr. Bent Fiane [13]

AGO-OVAR 12,

Lancet Oncol 2016;17:78-89

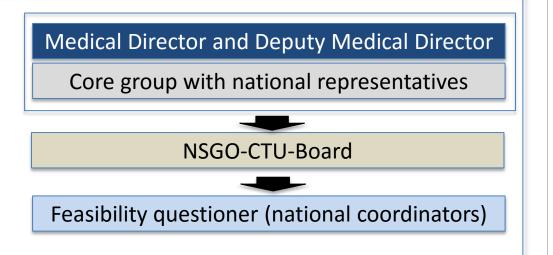
165 of 1366 participants

NSGO-CTU: Nordic Collaboration **Selection of trials**

Aim: Establish and maintain a balanced portfolio

Formal process

- Screening
- Evaluation
- Final decision



Similar processes both for international multicenter trials and own initiated trials, but the use of internal resources is higher for the latter

Status: Collaborations



Lead Groups	No. of Trials as Lead Group	No. of Trials as Collaborative Group
AGO Aust	2	15
AGO Germ	7	19
BGOG	6	25
CEEGOG	2	6
DGOG	1	7
GEICO	3	19
GINECO	8	17
MaNGO	2	22
MITO	6	23
NCRI	4	5
NOGGO	6	10
NSGO	8	19
SGCTG	1	3

No. of Trials as Collaborative Group
4
2
4
4
1
2
3

⊘NSGO sponsored trials

Endometrial Cancer

- EN1 / FANDANGO
- EN2
- EN3 / PALEO

Ovarian Cancer

- NOVA
- AVANOVA
- AVANOVA-IMMUNE
- OV-UMB1

Cervical Cancer

MaRuC

Ovarian Cancer

OvaTIL for Cure



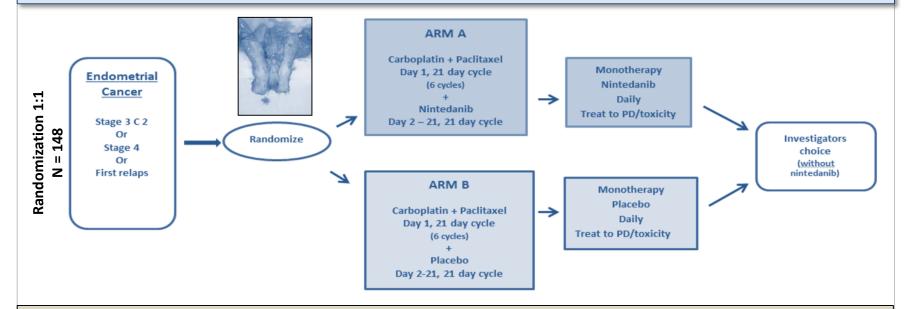








A randomised double-blind placebo-controlled phase II trial of first line combination chemo-therapy with nintedanib/placebo for patients with advanced or recurrent endometrial cancer



Key words: - Experience with the drug and study design from AGO-OVA 12

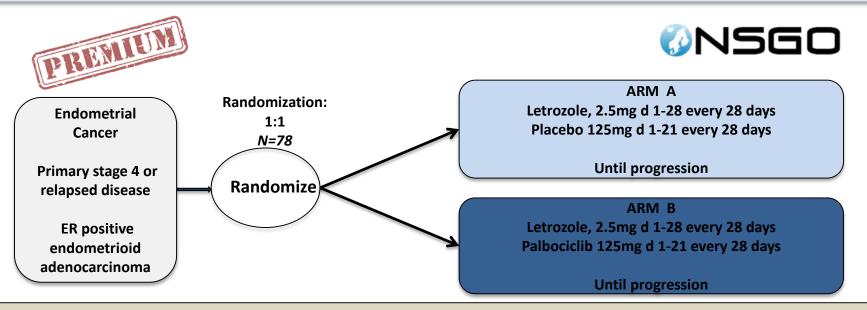
- Reputation as excellent recruiter



EN3-NSGO/PALEO



A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase II trial of Palbociclib in combination with Letrozole versus Placebo in combination with Letrozole for patients with Estrogen Receptor Positive advanced or recurrent Endometrial cancer



Key words: - Use concepts from other diseases

- New treatment principle for endometrial cancer
- Might result in change in treatment practice





















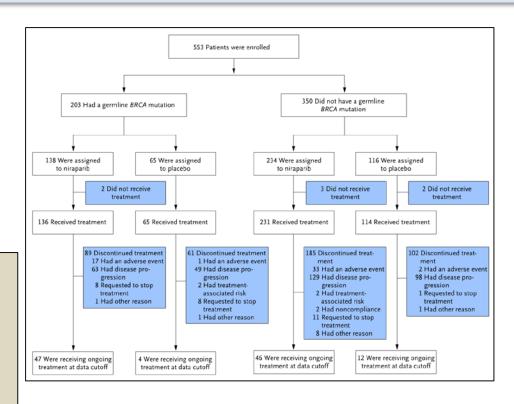
Niraparib Maintenance Therapy in Platinum-Sensitive, Recurrent Ovarian Cancer





Key words:

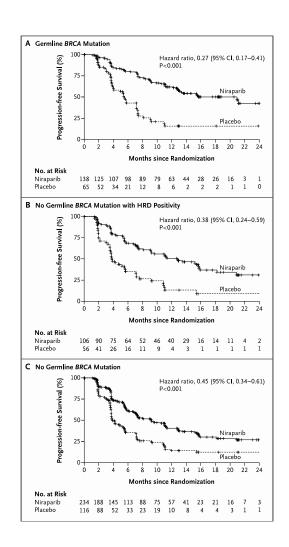
- Second international PARPinhibitor trail for ovarian cancer
- New treatment principle
- Change of practice





ENGOT-OV16 / NOVA

Niraparib Maintenance Therapy in Platinum-Sensitive, Recurrent Ovarian Cancer



gBRCAmut

	PFS Median	Hazard Ratio	with	atients nout ession eath
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	12	18
Treatment	(Months)	p-value	mo	mo
Niraparib (N=138)	21.0 (12.9, NR)	0.27 (0.173,	62%	50%
Placebo (N=65)	5.5 (3.8, 7.2)	0.410) p<0.0001	16%	16%

non-gBRCAmut

	PFS Median	Hazard Ratio	% of Pa with Progre or D	ession
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	12	18
Treatment	(Months)	p-value	mo	mo
Niraparib	9.3	0.45	41%	30%
(N=234)	(7.2, 11.2)	(0.338,	41/0	30%
Placebo (N=116)	3.9 (3.7, 5.5)	0.607) p<0.0001	14%	12%

Status of FDA & EMA approvals for Niraparib

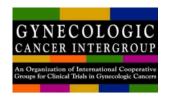
- Maintenance Therapy-

FDA	EMA
All patients regardless of histology, BRCA & HRD status	All patients regardless of BRCA & HRD status Positive CHMP opinion

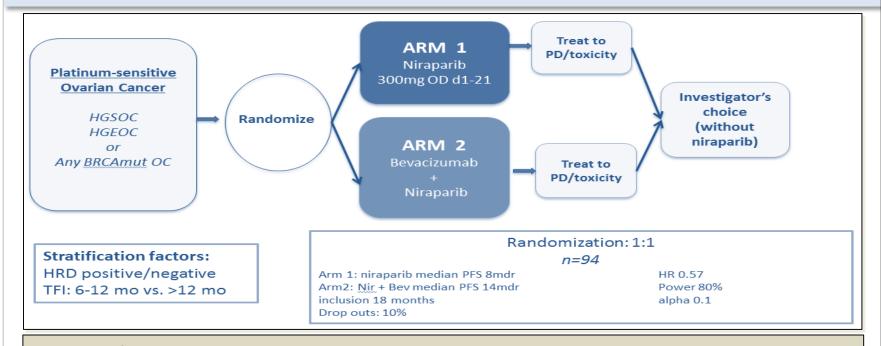
What will be the priority setting decision?







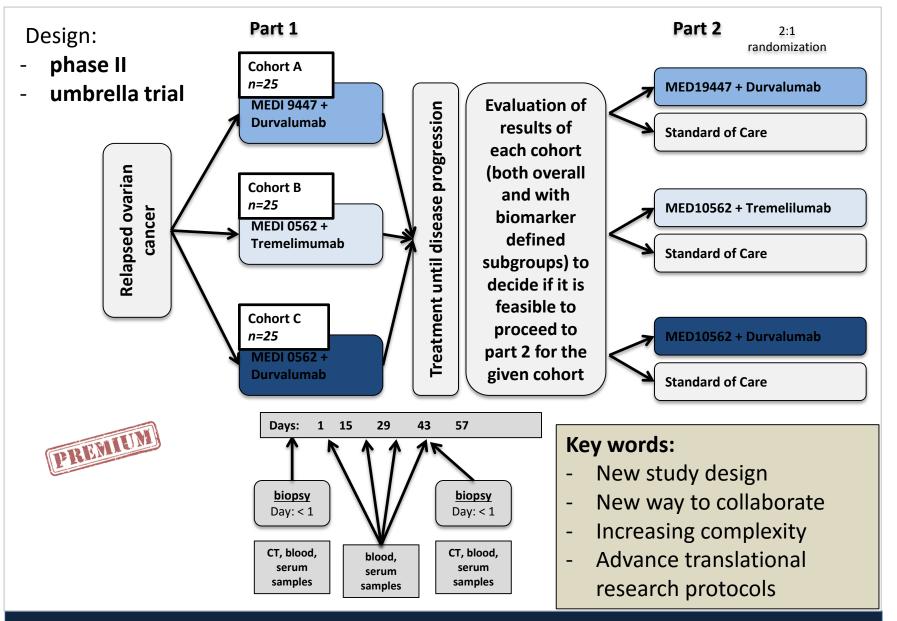
A two-arm, open-label, phase II randomized study to evaluate the efficacy of niraparib versus niraparib-bevacizumab combination in women with platinum-sensitive epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or peritoneal cancer



Key words:

- A chemo-free alternative / New treatment principle
- Change of practice

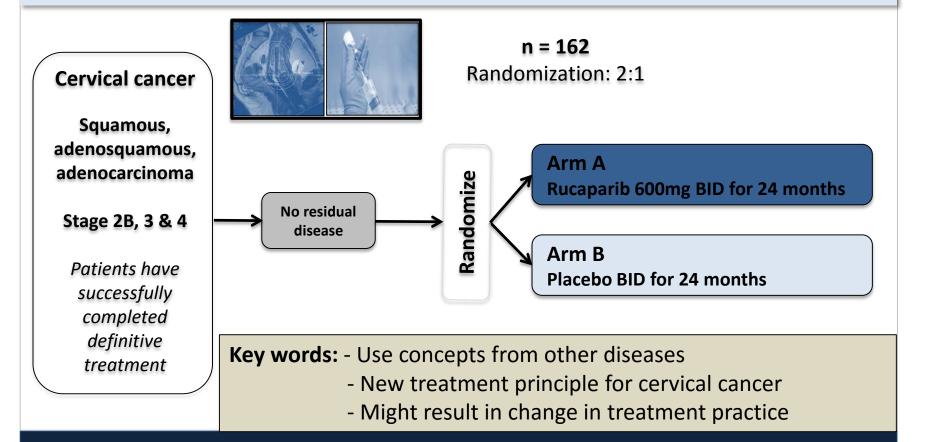
ONSGO ENGOT-OV30 / NSGO-OV-UMB1





ENGOT-CX7-NSGO/MaRuC

A randomized double-blind placebo-controlled phase II trial of Rucaparib maintenance therapy for patients with locally advanced cervical













OVATIL for Cure

Relapsed ovarian cancer

Each Cohort n=12

Cohort 1: Carboplatin-Pegylated Lyposomal Doxorubicin (PLD) x2 followed by High-**Dose CT & TIL**

Cohort 2: Carboplatin-PLD x2 followed by High-Dose CT & TIL followed by acetylsalicylic acid

Cohort 3: Carboplatin-PLD x2 followed by High-Dose CT & TIL followed by acetylsalicylic acid in combination with Durvalumab

Cohort 4: Carboplatin-PLD x2 followed by High-Dose CT & TIL followed by acetylsalicylic acid in combination with Durvalumab + IDOi

Cohort 5: Carboplatin-PLD x2 followed by High-Dose CT & TIL followed by acetylsalicylic acid in combination with Durvalumab + A2aRi

Cohort 6: Carboplatin-PLD x2 followed by High-Dose CT & TIL followed by acetylsalicylic acid in combination with Durvalumab +MEDI9447

Days: 1 day -7of TIL day -1 of TILL day 21 of TIL biopsy **Biopsy** Day: < 1 CT. blood. blood. CT. blood. serum serum serum samples samples samples

Treatment until disease progression

Evaluation of results of each cohort to decide if it is feasible to proceed to part 2 for the given cohort

Key words:

- Early phase studies
- Advanced and complex

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- From a local business to an international trendsetter
- Economic sustainable organization

Product development

- Research: Improvements and new developments
- Diversification if the portfolio

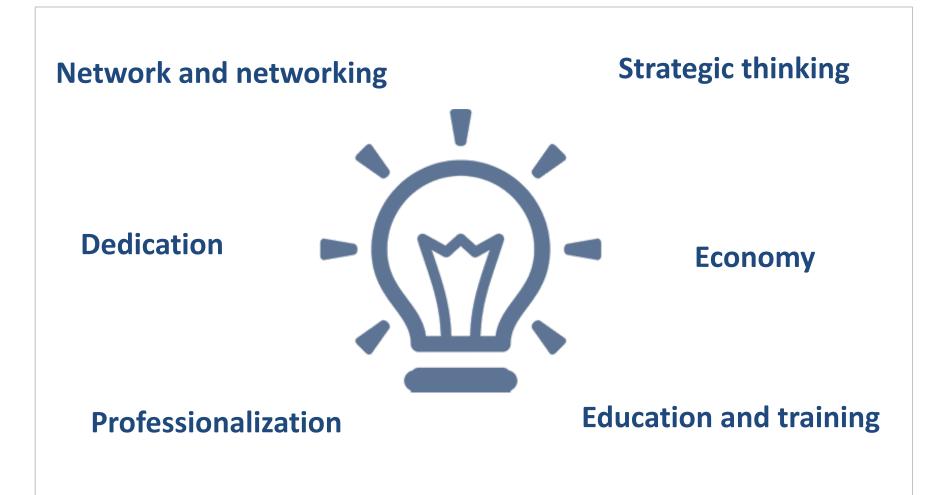
Corporate responsibility

- More professionalization
- Human resources and corporate social responsibilities

2007 - 2018

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Success factors



Contact information



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